

# **THE PRINCIPLES OF FUNCTIONAL PROGRAMMING**

# Core principles of FP

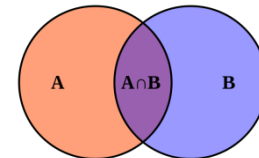
Functions are things



Composition everywhere



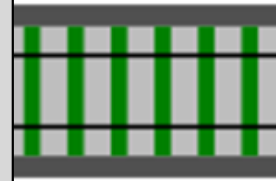
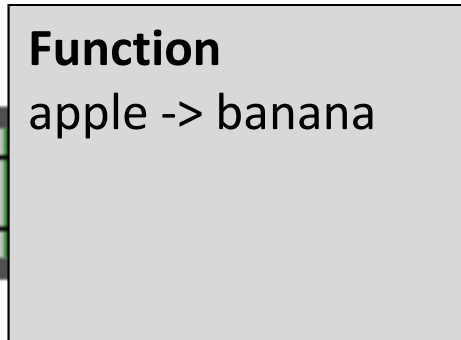
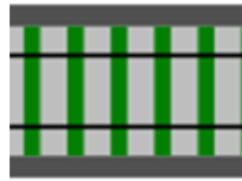
Types are not classes



*Core FP principle:*  
Functions are things



# Functions as things



A function is a thing which  
transforms inputs to outputs

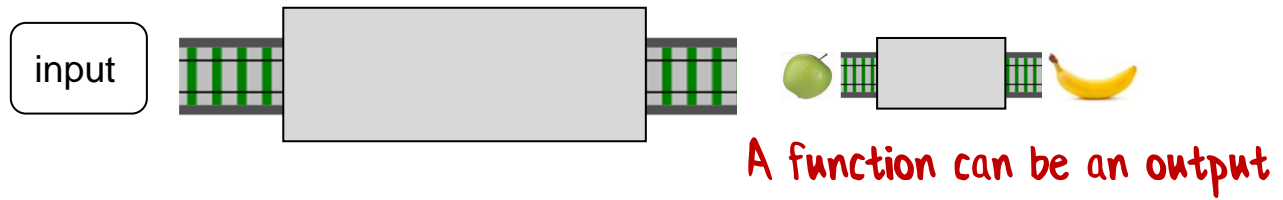
Another word  
for reusable!



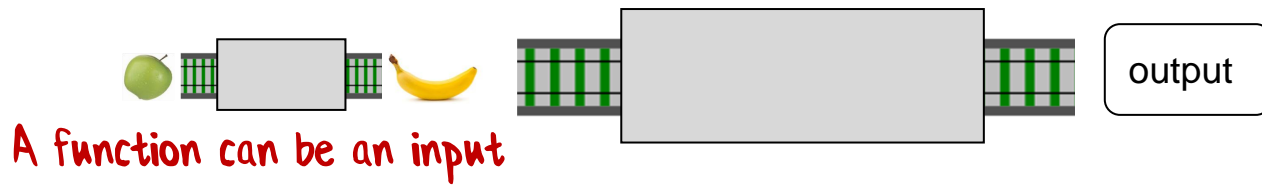
**A function is a standalone thing,  
not attached to a class**

It can be used for inputs and outputs  
of other functions

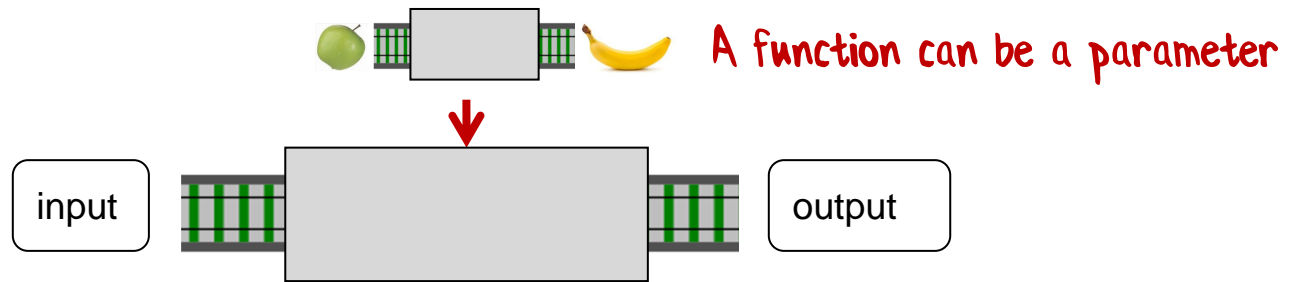
# A function is a standalone thing



# A function is a standalone thing



# A function is a standalone thing



You can build very complex systems  
from this simple foundation!



*Core FP principle:*  
Composition everywhere



# What is Composition?



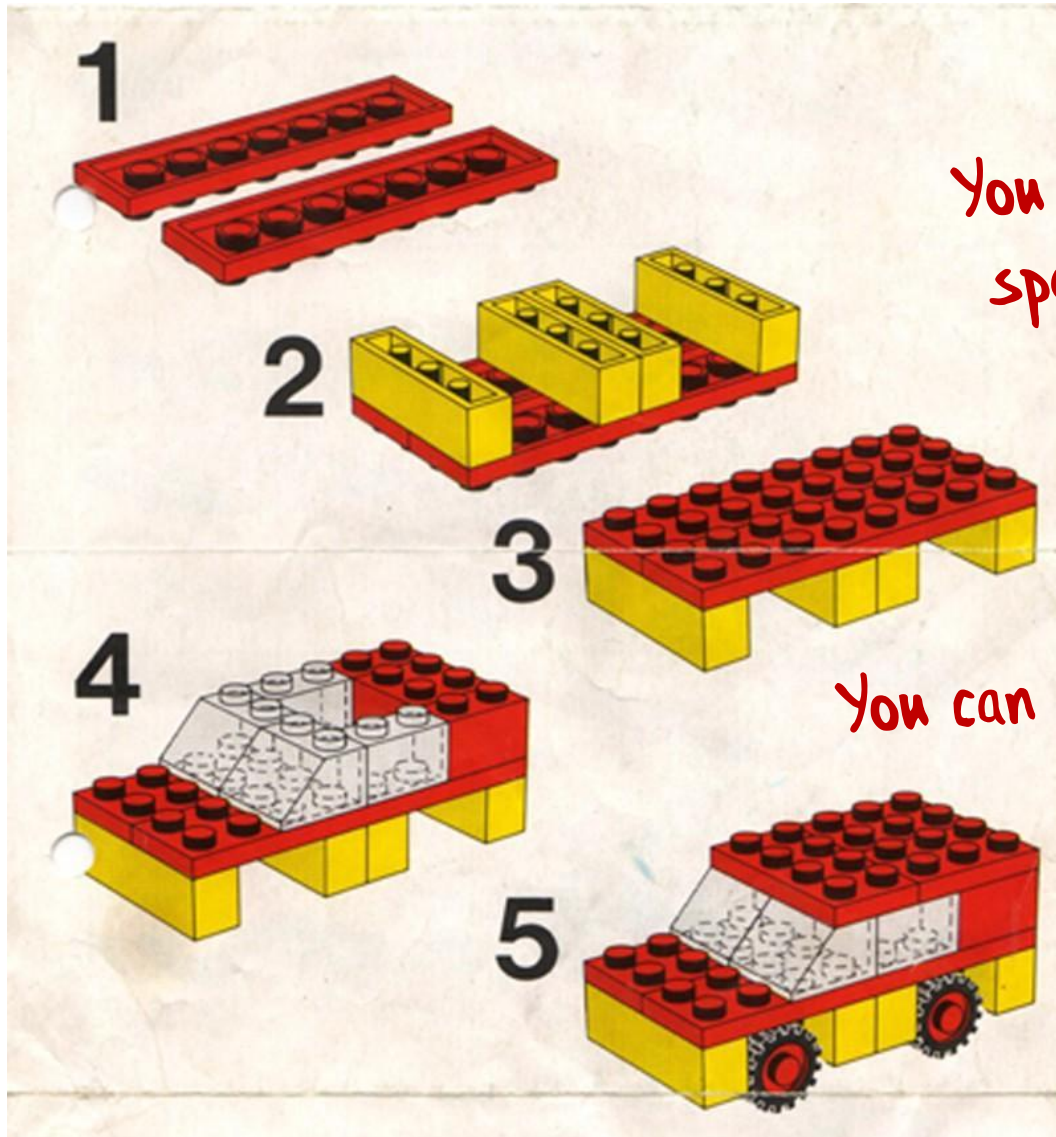
# Lego Philosophy

1. All pieces are designed to be connected
2. Connect two pieces together and get another "piece" that can still be connected
3. The pieces are reusable in many contexts

All pieces are designed to be connected



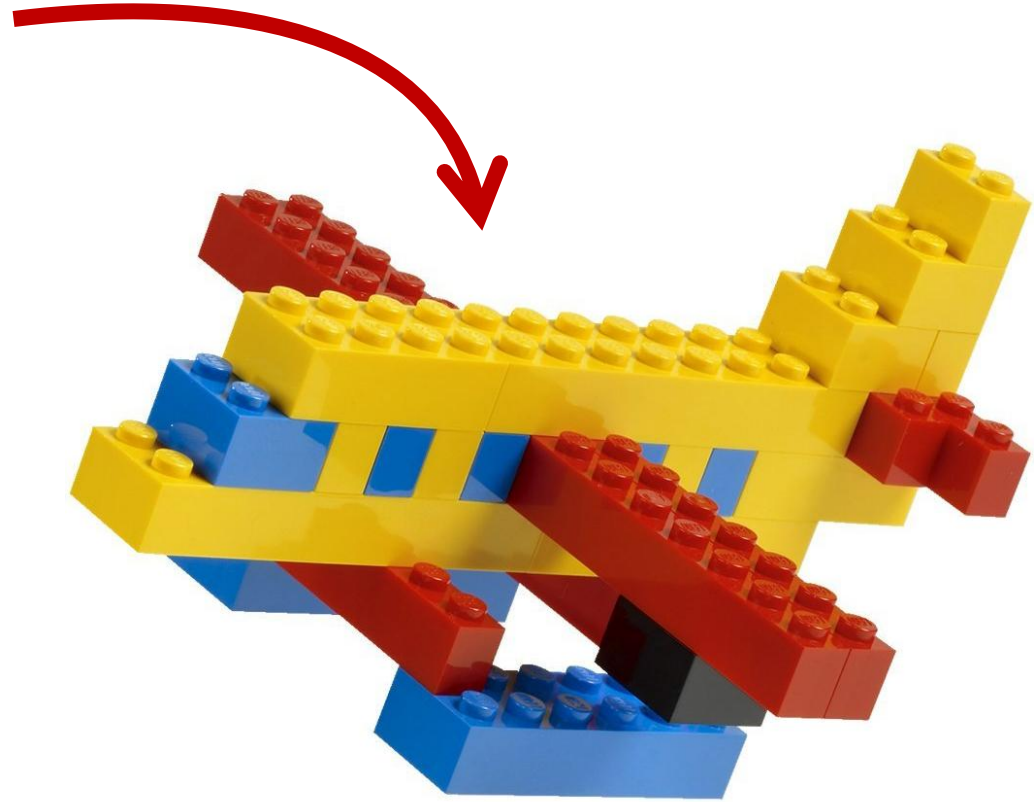
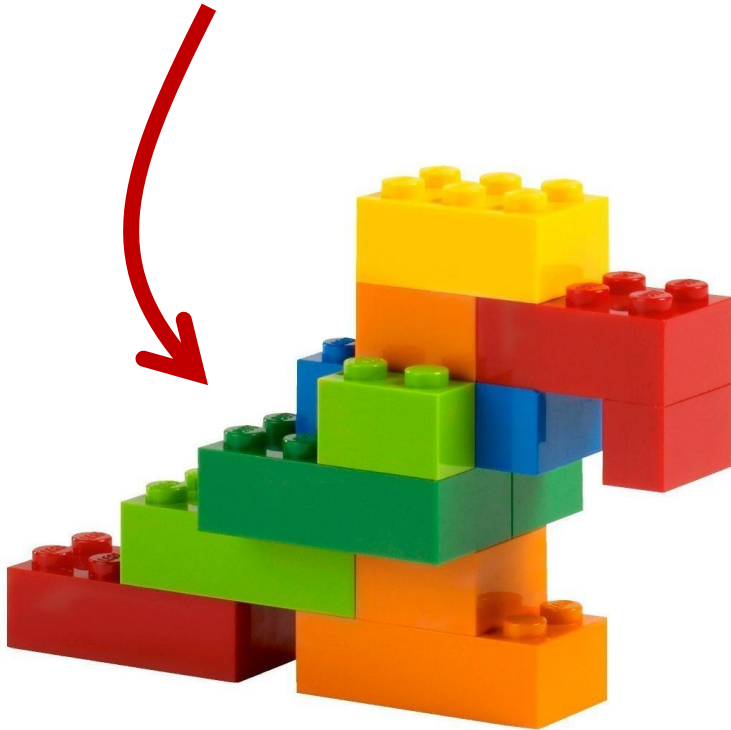
Connect two pieces together and  
get another "piece" that can still be connected



You don't need to create a  
special adapter to make  
connections.

You can keep adding and adding.

The pieces are reusable in different contexts

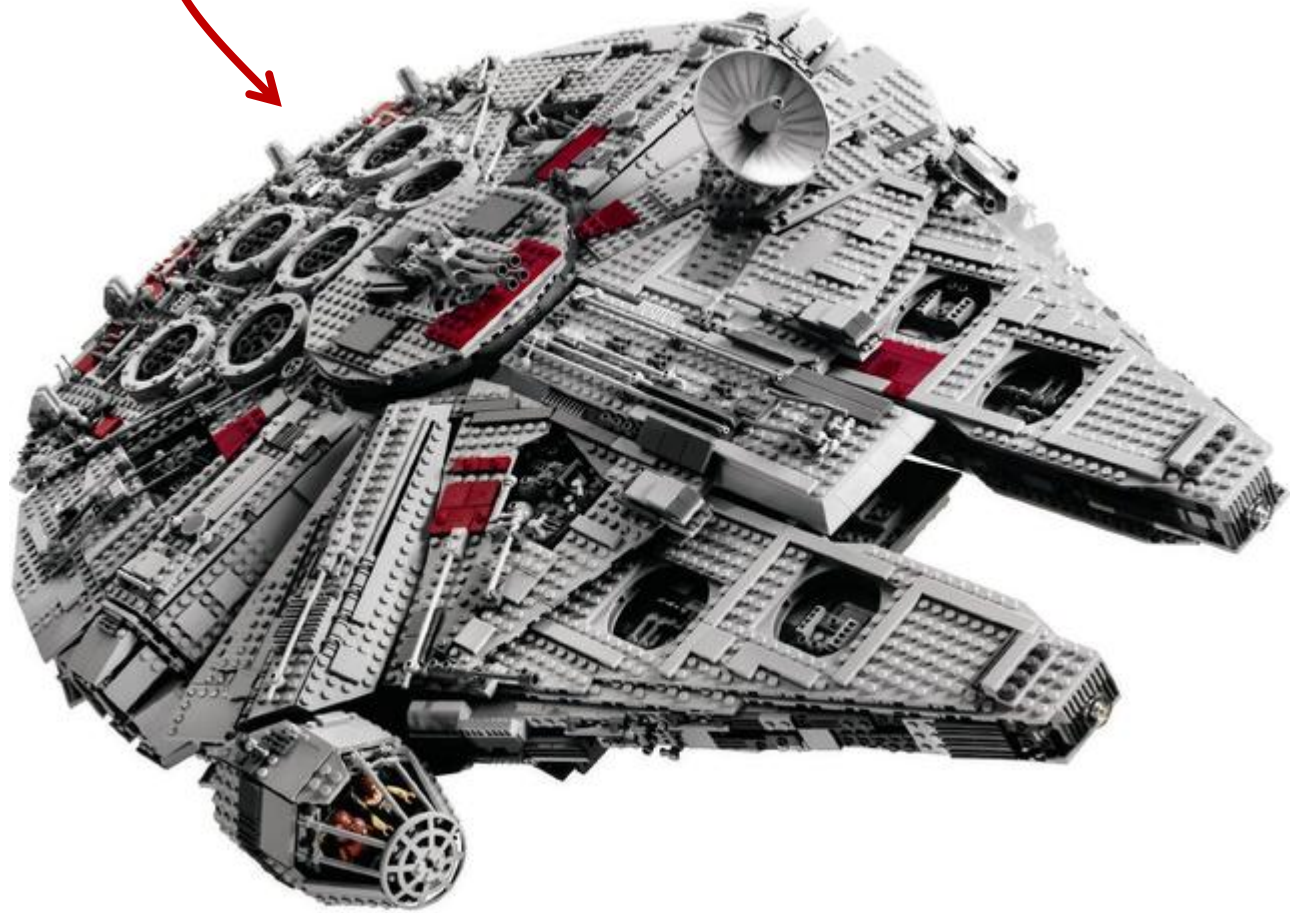


They are self contained.  
No strings attached (literally).

Make big things from small things in the same way



# The Power of Composition

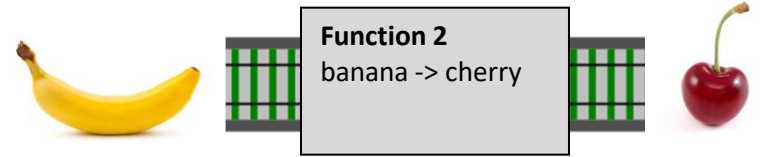
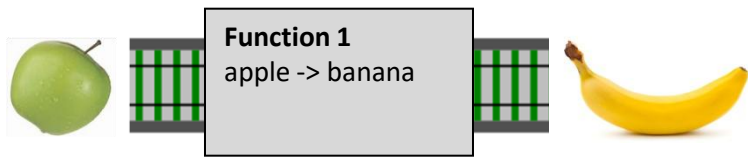




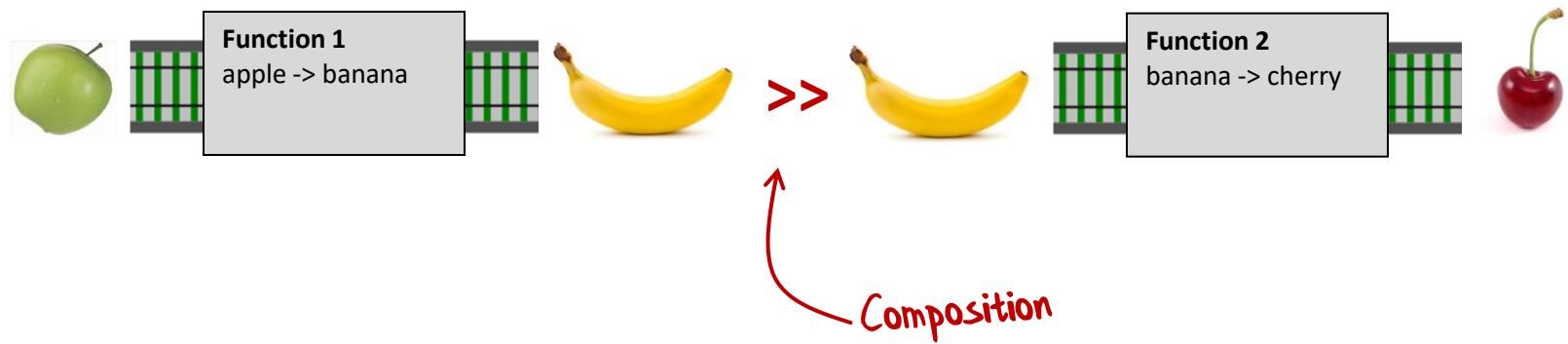
# Function Composition



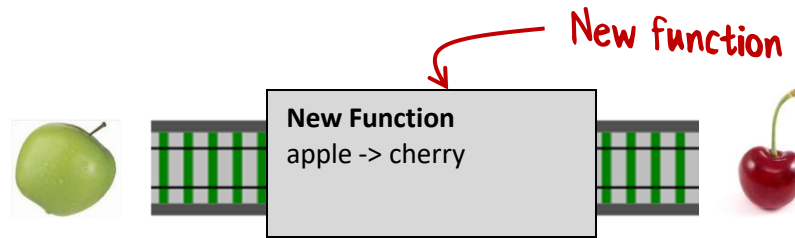
# Function composition



# Function composition



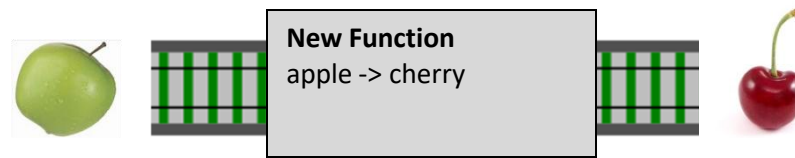
# Function composition



Can't tell it was built  
from smaller functions!

Where did the banana go?  
(abstraction)

# Function composition



A Very Important Point: For composition to work properly:

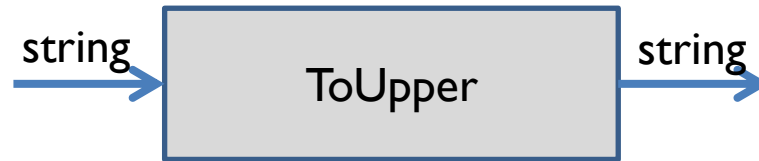
- Data must be immutable
- Functions must be self-contained, with no strings attached:  
no side-effects, no I/O, no globals, etc

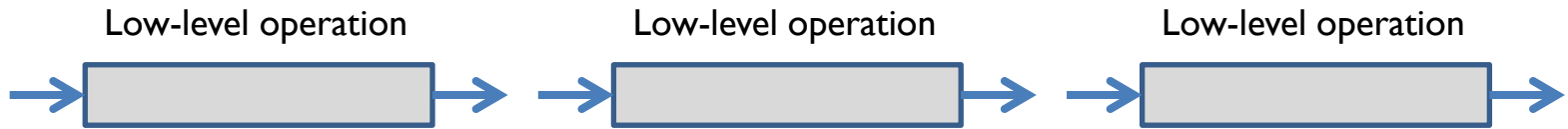
# Building big things from functions

*It's compositions all the way up*



## Low-level operation



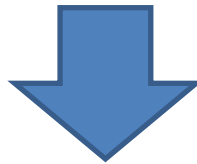
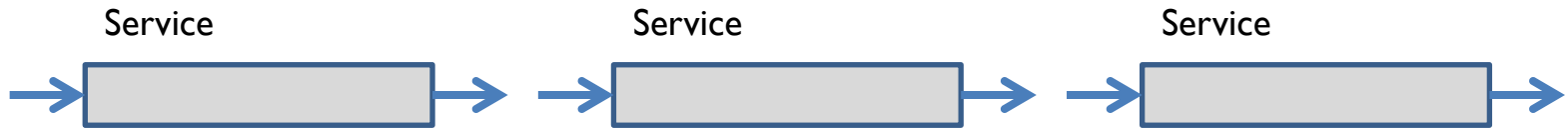


## Service

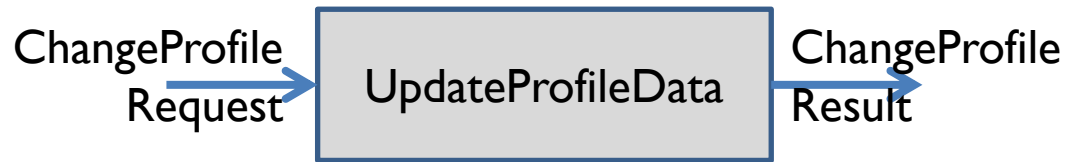


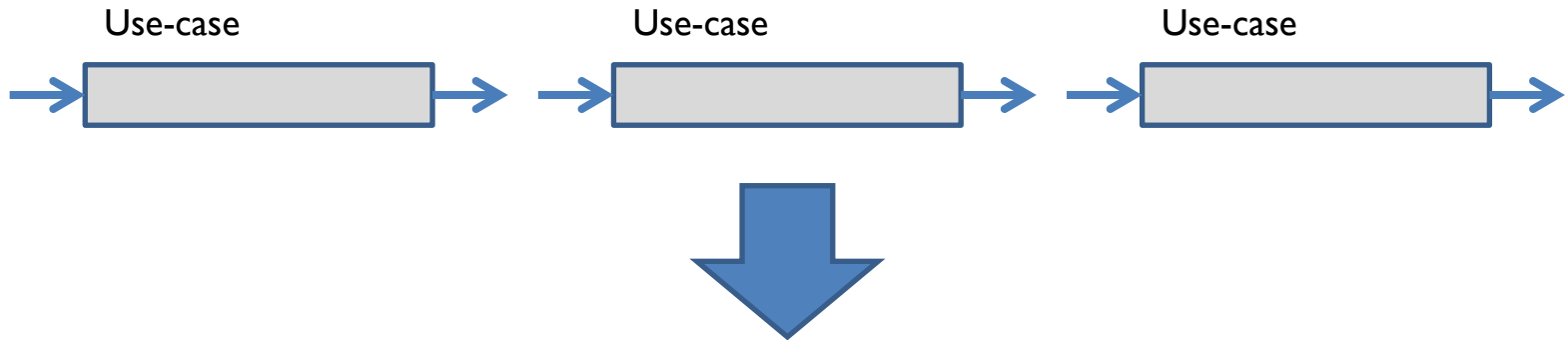
*A "Service" is just like a microservice  
but without the "micro" in front*



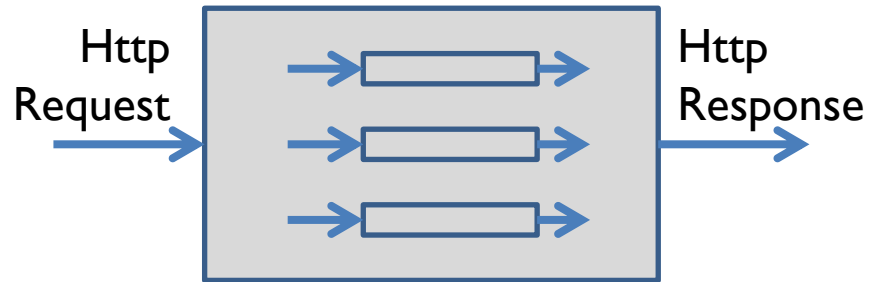


## Use-case



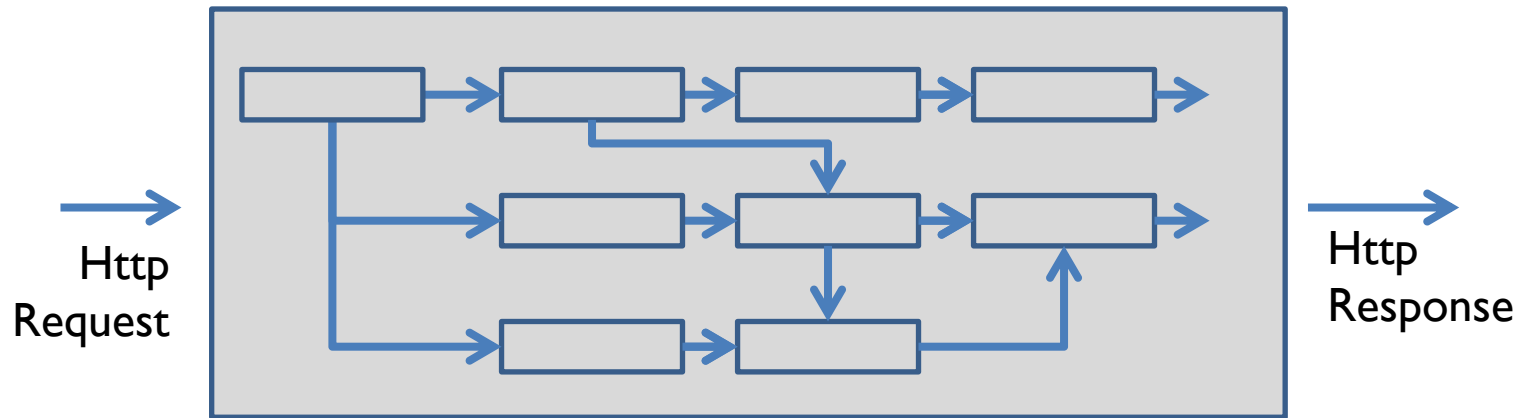


## Web application

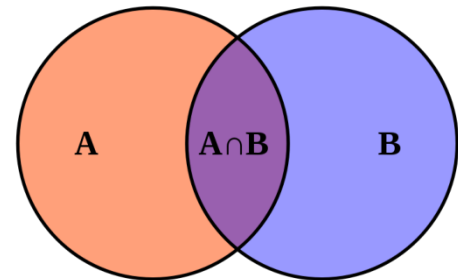


*“Composition is fractal”*

# The Power of Composition

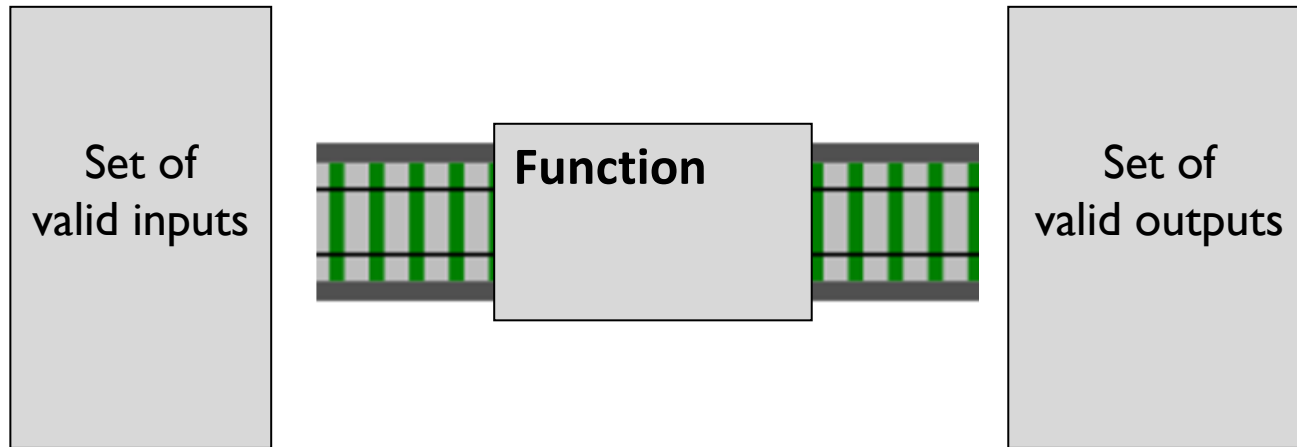


*Core FP principle:*  
Types are not classes

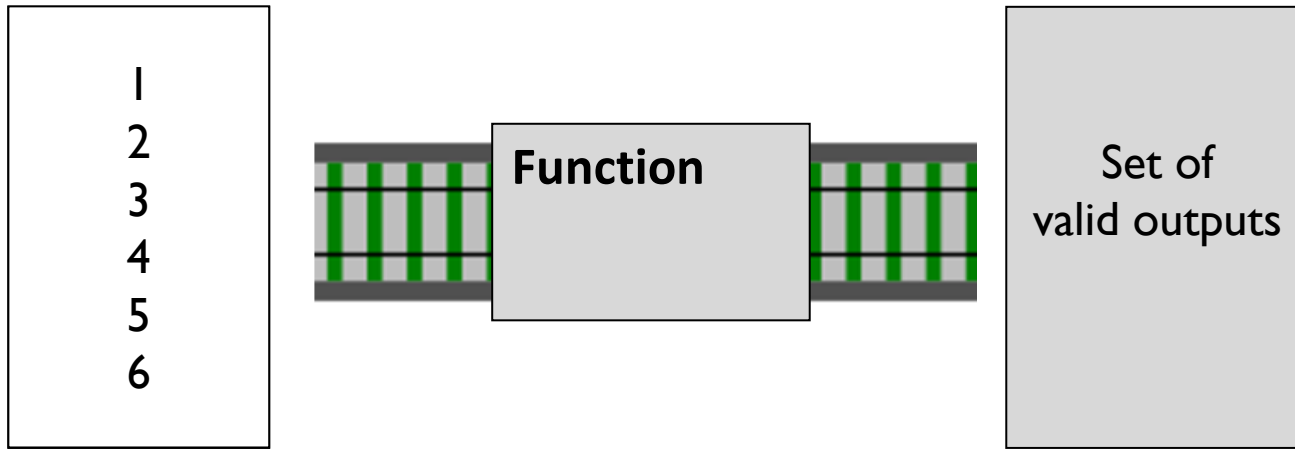


# So, what is a type then?

A type is a just a name  
for a set of things

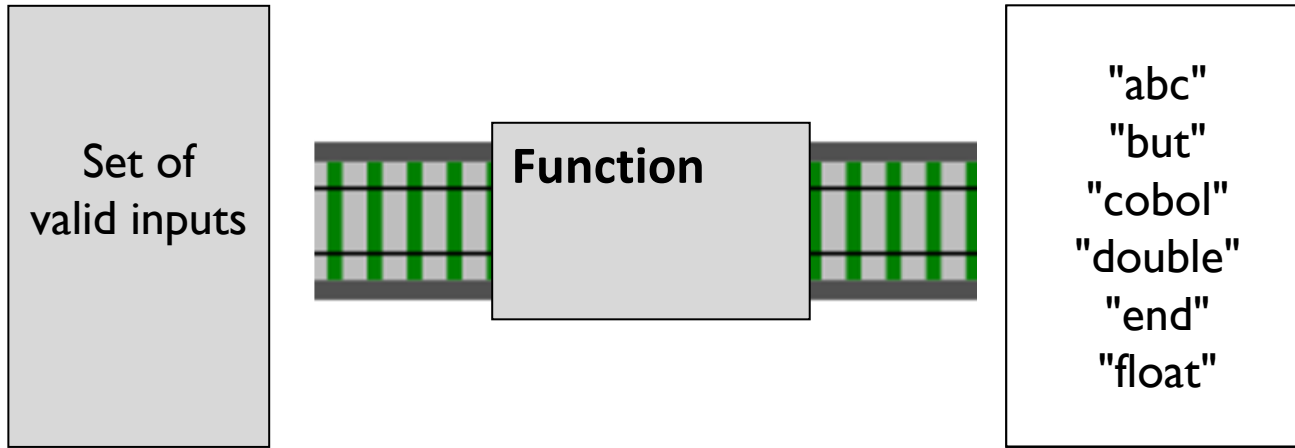


A type is a just a name  
for a set of things



↑  
This is type  
"integer"

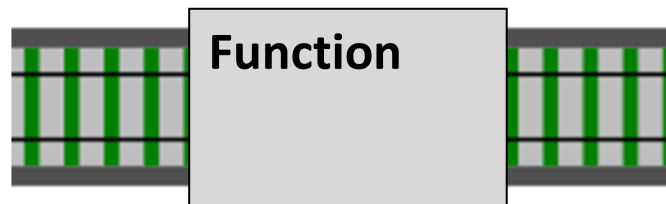
A type is a just a name  
for a set of things



↑  
This is type  
"string"

A type is a just a name  
for a set of things

Donna Roy  
Javier Mendoza  
Nathan Logan  
Shawna Ingram  
Abel Ortiz  
Lena Robbins  
Gordon Wood

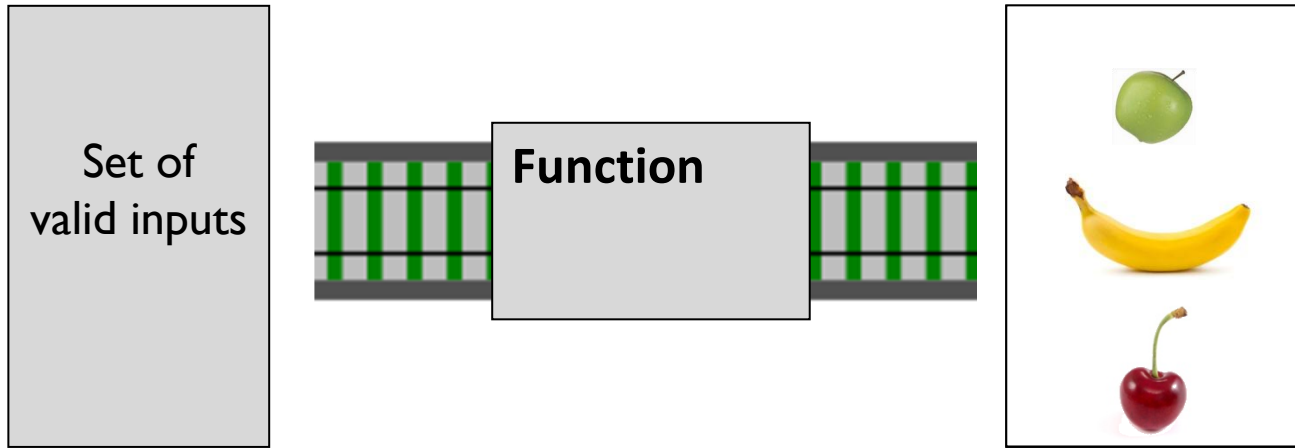


Set of  
valid outputs

↑  
This is type  
"Person"

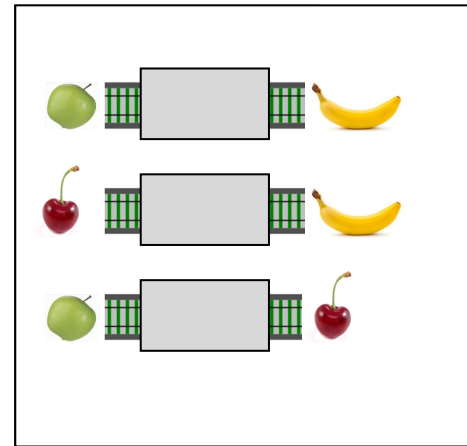
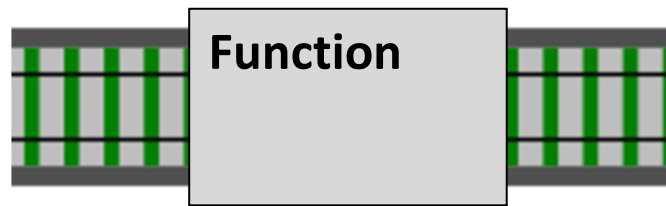
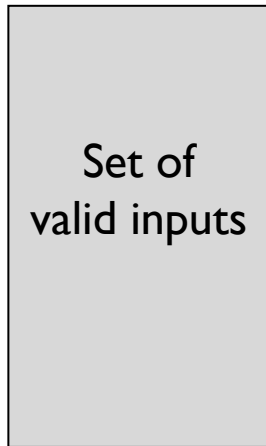


A type is a just a name  
for a set of things



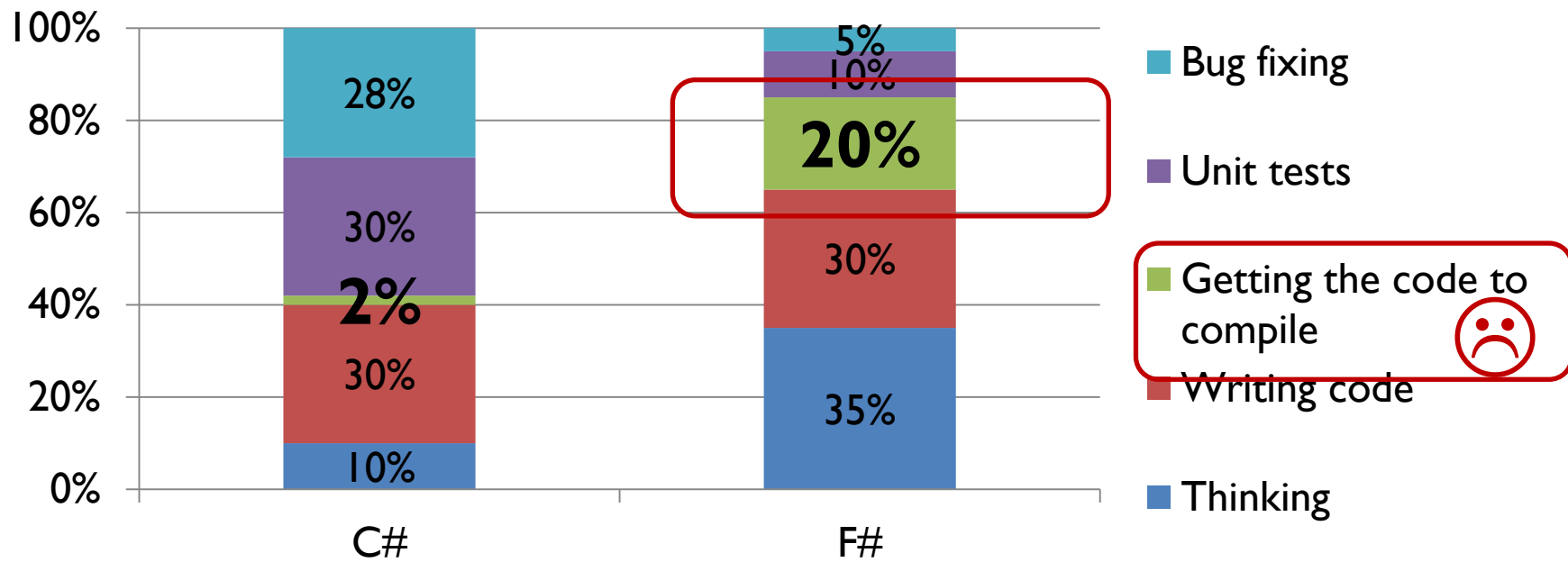
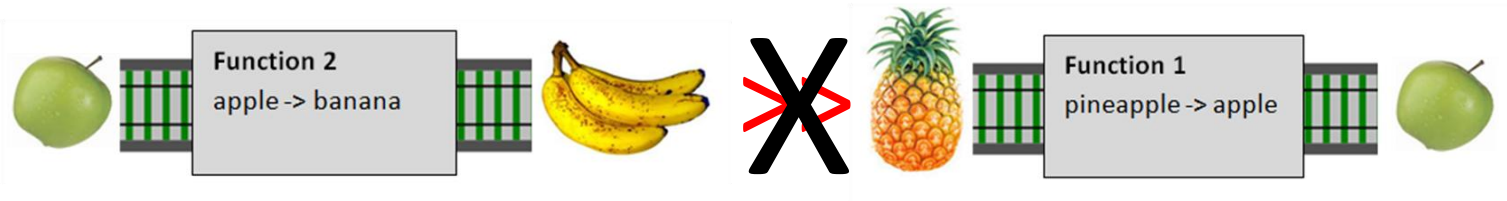
↑  
This is type  
"Fruit"

A type is a just a name  
for a set of things



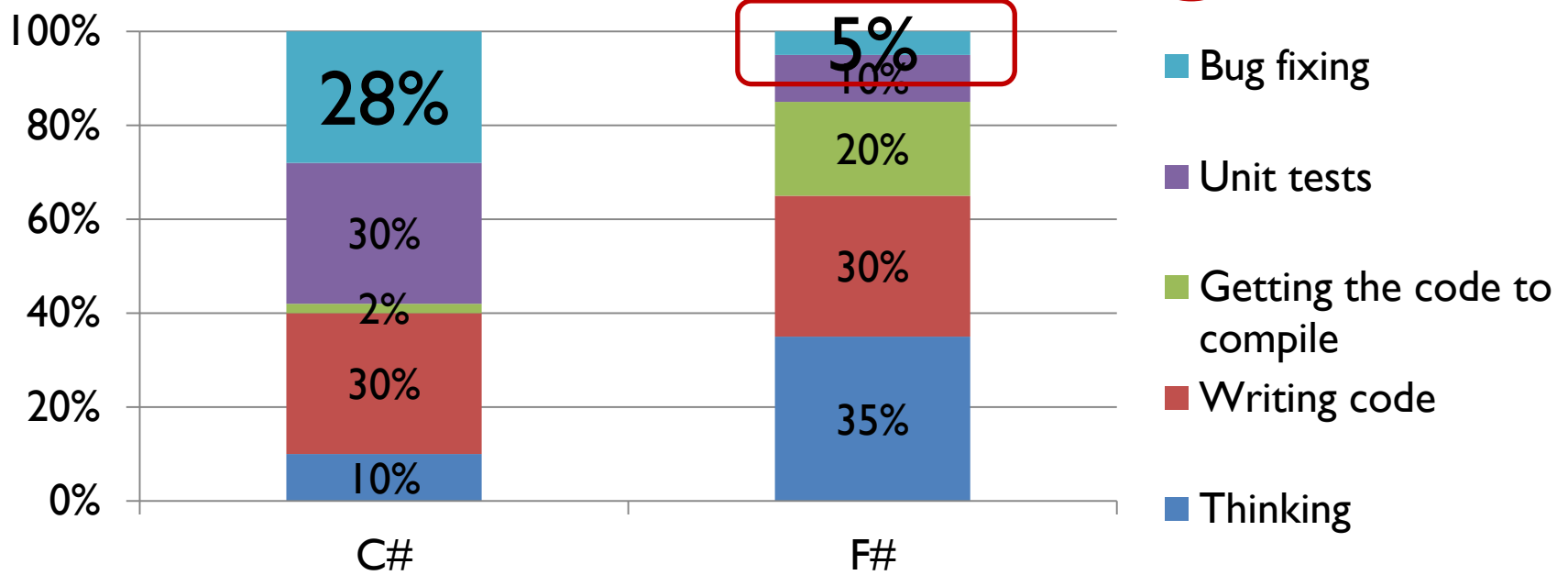
↑  
This is a type of  
Fruit->Fruit functions

# Composition is type checked!



But the good news is...

A lot less bug fixing!



*Composition everywhere:*  
Types can be composed too

Composable

~~Algebraic~~ type system


New types are built from smaller types by:

Composing with “AND”

Composing with “OR”

*Only possible because behavior  
is separate from data!*

# Compose with “AND”

FruitSalad = One each of  and  and 

*Example: pairs, tuples, records*




*A record type*



```
type FruitSalad = {  
  Apple: AppleVariety  
  Banana: BananaVariety  
  Cherry: CherryVariety  
}
```



# Compose with “OR”

Snack =  or  or 

*Not available in C#*

*A choice type*

```
type Snack =  
    | Apple of AppleVariety  
    | Banana of BananaVariety  
    | Cherry of CherryVariety
```

# Real world example of type composition

*Example of some requirements:*

We accept three forms of payment:  
Cash, Check, or Card.

For Cash we don't need any extra information

For Checks we need a check number

For Cards we need a card type and card number

*How would you implement this?*

In OO design you would probably implement it as an interface and a set of subclasses, like this:

```
interface IPaymentMethod  
{..}
```

```
class Cash() : IPaymentMethod  
{..}
```

```
class Check(int checkNo): IPaymentMethod  
{..}
```

```
class Card(string cardType, string cardNo) : IPaymentMethod  
{..}
```

In F# you would probably implement by composing types, like this:


```
type CheckNumber = int  
type CardNumber = string
```

← Primitive types

```
type CheckNumber = ...
```

```
type CardNumber = ...
```

Choice type  
(using OR)



```
type CardType = Visa | Mastercard
```

```
type CreditCardInfo = {  
  CardType : CardType  
  CardNumber : CardNumber  
}
```

Record type (using AND)



```
type CheckNumber = ...
type CardNumber = ...
type CardType = ...
type CreditCardInfo = ...
```

```
type PaymentMethod =
```

```
| Cash
```

```
| Check of CheckNumber
```

```
| Card of CreditCardInfo
```

 *Choice type*

```
type CheckNumber = ...
type CardNumber = ...
type CardType = ...
type CreditCardInfo = ...
type PaymentMethod =
  | Cash
  | Check of CheckNumber
  | Card of CreditCardInfo
```

```
type PaymentAmount = decimal
```

```
type Currency = EUR | USD
```

*Another primitive type*

*Another choice type*



Final type built from many smaller types:

The Power of Composition

```
type CheckNumber = ...
type CardNumber = ...
type CardType = ...
type CreditCardInfo = ...
type PaymentMethod =
  | Cash
  | Check of CheckNumber
  | Card of CreditCardInfo
type PaymentAmount = decimal
type Currency = EUR | USD

type Payment = {
  Amount : PaymentAmount
  Currency: Currency
  Method: PaymentMethod }
```

← Record type

*FP design principle:*

**Types are executable documentation**

# Types are executable documentation

The domain on one screen!

```
type Suit = Club | Diamond | Spade | Heart
```

```
type Rank = Two | Three | Four | Five | Six | Seven | Eight  
           | Nine | Ten | Jack | Queen | King | Ace
```

```
type Card = Suit * Rank
```

← Types can be nouns

```
type Hand = Card list
```

```
type Deck = Card list
```

```
type Player = {Name:string; Hand:Hand}
```

```
type Game = {Deck:Deck; Players: Player list}
```

```
type Deal = Deck → (Deck * Card)
```

```
type PickupCard = (Hand * Card) → Hand
```

← Types can be verbs

# Types are executable documentation

```
type CardType = Visa | Mastercard
```

```
type CardNumber = CardNumber of string
```

```
type CheckNumber = CheckNumber of int
```


```
type PaymentMethod =
```

```
| Cash
```

```
| Check of CheckNumber
```

```
| Card of CardType * CardNumber
```

*Can you guess what  
payment methods are  
accepted?*



# The End

This is everything you need to know  
about functional programming